

Final Exam

Functional Data Structures

15. 2. 2023

First name: _____

Last name: _____

Student-Id (Matrikelnummer): _____

Signature: _____

1. The exam is to be solved in Isabelle on your own Laptop.
2. You may use your own notes, as well as all lecture material to solve the exam.
3. Using the internet is not allowed for any other reason than submitting your solution to the submission system.
4. You have 120 minutes to solve the exam.
5. Please put your student ID and ID-card or driver's license on the table until we have checked it.
6. Please do not leave the room in the last 20 minutes of the exam — you may disturb other students who need this time.

Proof Guidelines: We expect valid Isabelle proofs. `sledgehammer` may be used. The use of `sorry` may lead to the deduction of points but is preferable to spending a lot of time on individual proof steps. Unfinished proofs should be well written and easy to understand!

1 Induction (Solution)

```
lemma count_app: "count(as @ bs) = count as + count bs"  
proof (induction as)  
  case (Cons a as)  
  then show ?case  
    by (cases a) auto  
qed auto
```

```
lemma ok_count_Zero: "ok bs  $\implies$  count bs = 0"  
  by (induction rule: ok.induct) (auto simp: count_app)
```

2 Bounds on Small-Step Execution (Solution)

```
fun bound :: "com  $\Rightarrow$  nat" where
  "bound (IF _ THEN c1 ELSE c2) = 1 + max (bound c1) (bound c2)" |
  "bound (c1 ;; c2) = 1 + bound c1 + bound c2" |
  "bound (_ ::= _) = 1" |
  "bound _ = 0"

lemma bound_decr: "while_free c  $\Longrightarrow$  (c, s)  $\rightarrow$  (c', s')  $\Longrightarrow$  bound c' < bound c"
proof -
  assume "(c, s)  $\rightarrow$  (c', s')" "while_free c" thus ?thesis
  by (induction rule: small_step_induct) auto
qed
```

3 Hoare Logic (Solution)

abbreviation *(input)* `change_rule` :: "vname \Rightarrow bexp \Rightarrow assn \Rightarrow assn" **where**
 "change_rule x b P \equiv $\lambda s. \forall n. \text{bval } b (s(x:=n)) \longrightarrow P(s(x:=n))$ "

lemma *sound*: " $\models \{ \text{change_rule } x \ b \ P \} \text{ CHANGE } x \ ST \ b \ \{ P \}$ "
unfolding `hoare_valid_def` **by** `auto`

lemma *complete*: " $\models \{ P \} (\text{CHANGE } x \ ST \ b) \ \{ Q \} \Longrightarrow \vdash \{ P \} \text{ CHANGE } x \ ST \ b \ \{ Q \}$ "
unfolding `hoare_valid_def`
by(`rule strengthen_pre[where P="change_rule x b Q"]`)
 (`auto intro: Change`)

abbreviation "eq a1 a2 \equiv And (Not (Less a1 a2)) (Not (Less a2 a1))"

definition `MINUS` :: `com` **where**
 "MINUS = CHANGE "y" ST eq (Plus (V "x") (V "y")) (N 0)"

lemma `MINUS_correct`:
 " $\vdash \{ \lambda s. s=s_0 \} \text{ MINUS } \{ \lambda s. s \ \text{"y"} = - s \ \text{"x"} \wedge (\forall v \neq \text{"y"}. s \ v = s_0 \ v) \}$ "
unfolding `MINUS_def`
by (`rule strengthen_pre[OF _ Change]`) `auto`

definition `invar` :: "vname \Rightarrow bexp \Rightarrow vname \Rightarrow state \Rightarrow assn" **where**
 "invar x b y s₀ = ($\lambda s. s \ x + s \ y = s_0 \ y \wedge (\forall v. v \notin \{x,y\} \longrightarrow s \ v = s_0 \ v)$)"

4 Abstract Proof (Solution)

lemma *fixp*:

fixes *f* :: "nat \Rightarrow nat"

assumes *incr*: " $\forall n. n \leq f n$ "

assumes *A*: " $A = \{m. \exists n. m = f n\}$ "

assumes *max*: " $\exists m \in A. \forall n \in A. n \leq m$ "

shows " $\exists k \in A. f k = k$ "

proof –

from *max* obtain *m* where " $m \in A$ " " $\forall n \in A. n \leq m$ " by *blast*

from *A* have " $f m \in A$ " by *blast*

with $\langle \forall n \in A. n \leq m \rangle$ have " $f m \leq m$ " by *blast*

with *incr* have " $f m = m$ " by (*simp add: le_antisym*)

with $\langle m \in A \rangle$ show *?thesis* by *auto*

qed

5 Abstract Interpretation (Solution)

```

fun less_eq_bits :: "bits  $\Rightarrow$  bits  $\Rightarrow$  bool" (infix " $\leq$ " 50) where
  "_  $\leq$  Any  $\longleftrightarrow$  True" |
  "(B n)  $\leq$  B m  $\longleftrightarrow$  n  $\leq$  m" |
  "(_::bits)  $\leq$  _  $\longleftrightarrow$  False"

```

```

fun sup_bits :: "bits  $\Rightarrow$  bits  $\Rightarrow$  bits" (infix " $\sqcup$ " 50) where
  "_  $\sqcup$  Any = Any" |
  "Any  $\sqcup$  _ = Any" |
  "(B x)  $\sqcup$  (B y) = B (max x y)"

```

definition "is_complete_lattice = True"

As it is a total order over a nonempty set.

```

fun plus'_bits :: "nat  $\Rightarrow$  bits  $\Rightarrow$  bits  $\Rightarrow$  bits" where
  "plus'_bits _ Any _ = Any" |
  "plus'_bits _ _ Any = Any" |
  "plus'_bits n (B x) (B y) = (if max x y = n then Any else B (Suc (max x y)))"

```

definition "A₀=[None,Some(B 1), _____, _____, _____, _____]"

definition "A₁=[None, _____, Some(B 1), _____, _____, Some(Any), _____]"

definition "A₂=[None, _____, _____, Some(B 1), _____, _____, Some(Any)]"

definition "A₃=[None, _____, _____, _____, Some(Any), _____, _____]"

definition "A₄=[None, _____, _____, _____, Some(B 1), _____, _____, Some(Any)]"

```

fun inv_plus'_bits :: "bits  $\Rightarrow$  bits  $\Rightarrow$  bits  $\Rightarrow$  (bits * bits)" where
  "inv_plus'_bits _ (B 0) _ = (B 0, B 0)" |
  "inv_plus'_bits _ _ (B 0) = (B 0, B 0)" |
  "inv_plus'_bits Any x y = (x, y)" |
  "inv_plus'_bits (B r) Any Any = (B r, B r)" |
  "inv_plus'_bits (B r) (B a1) Any = (B (min r a1), B r)" |
  "inv_plus'_bits (B r) Any (B a2) = (B r, B (min r a2))" |
  "inv_plus'_bits (B r) (B a1) (B a2) = (B (min r a1), B (min r a2))"

```

```

fun inv_less'_bits :: "bool  $\Rightarrow$  bits  $\Rightarrow$  bits  $\Rightarrow$  (bits * bits)" where
  "inv_less'_bits _ (B 0) _ = (B 0, B 0)" |
  "inv_less'_bits _ _ (B 0) = (B 0, B 0)" |
  "inv_less'_bits True Any (B n) = (B n, B n)" |
  "inv_less'_bits _ Any x = (Any, x)" |
  "inv_less'_bits False (B n) Any = (B n, B n)" |
  "inv_less'_bits _ x Any = (x, Any)" |
  "inv_less'_bits True (B a1) (B a2) = (B (min a1 a2), B a2)" |

```

"inv_less'_bits False (B a1) (B a2) = (B a1, B (min a1 a2))"